

Ihht krav i BREEAM NOR 2016 Teknisk Manual SD5075NOR Versjon 1.1/02.05.2017

BYGNINGSPLATER

Egendeklarasjon på at navngitte bygningsplater tilfredsstiller minimumskrav til miljøgifter i BREEAM NOR 2016 sjekkliste A20

Dette skjemaet skal fylles ut og undertegnes av en juridisk ansvarlig hos produsent av bygningsplater, for eksempel teknisk sjef eller daglig leder. Stoffer som skal unngås skal ikke finnes i produktet, verken i fri, bunden eller naturlig form. Konsentrasjoner under grenseverdien 0,1 % godtas. Det er forutsatt at informasjonen i A20 listen er kjent. **Feilaktige opplysninger kan få juridiske etterspill.**

PRODUSENT:		
HANDELSNAVN:		
PRODUKT ID:		
Følgende stoffer skal unngås¹:		
Arsen, Bly, Brommerte flammehemi nonylfenoler, Bisfenol A ²	mere (HBCD,TBBPA),	, Ftalater (DEHP), Krom, Oktyl-/
Det bekreftes at følgende stoff	er ikke finnes i det a	ktuelle produktet.
Merk de uønskede stoffene kan forekomme med alternative bet Ver 1.1/02.05.2017 Gjelder bygningsplater i polykarbonat; all polykarbonat innehold		i BREEAM NOR 2016 Teknisk Manual SD5075NOR
Juridisk ansvarlig:	Stilling:	Dato:
Signatur:		

Skjemaet er utviklet av SKANSKA NORGE AS, VEIDEKKE ENTREPRENØR AS, NCC NORGE AS og AS BACKE. Det distribueres fritt gjennom ProductXchange. Brukere av skjemaet er selv ansvarlige for å forsikre seg om at de bruker riktig versjon og at innholdet er riktig. Verken SKANSKA NORGE AS, VEIDEKKE ENTREPRENØR AS, NCC NORGE AS, AS BACKE eller coBuilder AS kan holdes ansvarlige for eventuelle feil. Utfylte skjema er ingen offisiell godkjenning fra SKANSKA NORGE AS, VEIDEKKE ENTREPRENØR AS, NCC NORGE AS, AS BACKE eller coBuilder AS.

Form 2 Classification and additives

Form 2a for requirements R3, R4, R5 and R6.(Chapter 2.1)

The name and area of use of the chemical product/raw material	
Manufacturer of the chemical product □ or supplier of chemical raw material □:	

Classification of chemical products

Exceptions from the following classification may occur in the individual requirement.

Classification	Associated hazard symbol and R-phrases	CLP-regulation 1272/2008 ¹
Environmental hazard	N with R50, R50/53, R51/53 and/or R59	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life, Category 1 acute; H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects, Category 1 chronic; H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects, Category 2 chronic; and/or EUH059 hazardous to the ozone layer
Highly toxic	Tx (T+ in Norway) with R26, R27, R28 and/or R39	H330 Fatal to inhale, Category 1 and 2; H310 Fatal in contact with skin, Category 1 and 2; H300 Fatal if swallowed, Category 1 and 2; and/or H370 Causes damage to organs, Category 1
Toxic	T with R23, R24, R25, R39 and/or R48	H330 Fatal to inhale, with Category 2; H331 Toxic if inhaled, Category 3; H311 Toxic in contact with skin, Category 3; H301 Toxic if swallowed, Category 3; H370 Causes damage to organs, Category 1; and/or H372 causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeted exposure, Category 1
Carcinogenic	T with R45 or R49 Or Xn with R40 ²	H350 May cause cancer, Category 1A/1B; H350i May cause cancer by inhalation, Category 1B; Or H351 Suspected to cause cancer, Category 2
Mutagenic	T with R46 or Xn with R68	H340 May cause genetic defects, Category 1A/1B; H341 Suspected to causing genetic defects, Category 2
Reproductive toxicity	T with R60 and/or R61 Or Xn with R62 and/or R63	H360F May damage fertility, Category 1A/1B and/or H360D May damage the unborn child, Category 1A/1B H361f Suspected to damaging fertility, Category 2 and/or H361d Suspected to damaging the unborn child, Category 2

¹ Products shall not be classified in accordance with the table above, and in accordance with the EU directive 67/548/EEC with subsequent amendments and adaptions or/and CLP -regula tion 1272/2008 with subsequent amendments. In the transition period e.g. until 1th June 2015, the Dangerous Substances Directive or the CLP-regulation can be used. After the transition period only the CLP-regulation will be used. A list of R-sentences and their meaning is given in form 2b in appendix 2.

Please note that the producer is responsible for correct classification.

² For adhesives with isocyanate and formaldehyde, exception is given for classification as R40/H351.

ls	the product/raw material classified in accordance with the above table?	Yes 🔲	No	×
	Product safety data sheets/product sheets in accordance with the legis lation in force in the country of application for example Appendix II of REACH (Directive 1907/2006/EC) for each product.	Appendix	no	
	nformation from the chemical producer in the form of a recipe may be submitted directly to Nordic colabelling and will be treated confidentially.			
T	he content and additives to chemical products and materials			
Τ	The declaration applies to all additives.			
th an co th	Additives are all substances in the product, including additives (e.g. pigments) in the ingredients, not pollutants from the production of raw materials. Pollutants are traces from raw material production present in the finished product in contentrations of less than 100 ppm (0.01% by weight, 100 mg/kg), but not products that have been added to a raw material or product deliberately and for a purpose, prespective of quantity.			
	yes, specify quantity in % by weight:	Yes 🔀	No	
	or <3 mg/100g dry board (if £2)			
	yes, specify chemical name, CAS number and quantity in % by weight:	Yes 🔲	No	×
-	Only VOCs in wood naturally			
CC	oes the surface treatment of the product/raw material contain volatile organic ompounds (VOC)?	Yes	No	X
lf	yes, specify chemical name, CAS number and quantity in % by weight:			
pl H	oes the product/raw material contain substances classified as environmentally angerous in the surface treatment in accordance with any of the following risk hrases: N; R50, R50/53, R51/53, R52/53, R53 eller R59 (H400, H410, H411, 412, H413, EUH059)? yes, specify chemical name, CAS number and quantity in % by weight:	Yes 🔲	No	K
(m	oes the product/raw material contain isothiazolines or a mixture of CMIT/MIT nixing ratio 3:1)? yes, specify chemical name, CAS number and quantity in % by weight:	Yes 🔲	No	×

Does the product/raw material contain nano-metals, -minerals, -carbon compounds and/or -flourine compounds? If yes, specify chemical name, CAS number and quantity in % by weight:	Yes		No	×
Is the product an adhesive containing volatile organic compounds (VOC)? If yes, specify chemical name, CAS number and quantity in % by weight:	Yes	0	No	
Are the following constituent substances added to the product:				
Halogenated organic compounds in general. For example PVC, chloroparaffins, fluorine compounds, flame-retardants and bleaching chemicals?	Yes		No	K
PFOA (Perfluorooctanoic acid), PFOS (Perfluor octane sulfonic acid) or compounds thereof?	Yes		No	X
Bisphenol A compounds?	Yes		No	X
Biocidene: chlorophenols (their salts and esters) or dimethylfumarates*?	Yes		No	X
Phthalates?	Yes		No	X
Aziridine and/or polyaziridine?	Yes		No	X
Carcinogenic, mutagen and reproduction damaging compounds (Category 1 and 2 according to 67/548/EC)?	Yes		No	X
Pigments/ additives based on lead, tin, cadmium, chromium VI and mercury and their compounds?	Yes		No	Ø
Does the chemical product contain alkylphenols, alkylphenolethoxylates or other alkylphenol derivates?	Yes		No	×
Have biocides been added to the finished surface of the furniture or parts of it, in order to give disinfecting or antibacterial effect?	Yes		No	X
* This also applies to transport and storage of products and semi-finished products				
Example of calculation of quantity of VOC applied in R18 and		4		

Example of calculation of quantity of VOC applied in R18 and accordingly for criteria R20:

The manufacturer has disclosed consumption of varnish of $120~g/m^2$ and spraying equipment with recycling (70%) as the means of application. Form 2a states that the varnish in total contains 6% organic solvents.

The calculation will be: $(120/0.7) \times 0.06 = 10.3 \text{ g/m}^2 \text{ organic solvents.}$

Signature of manufacturer or raw material producer:

Date 05.06.2014	Company name Fi NANCIGNA MADERERA, S.A.
Signatory KINANCIERA MADERERA, S.	Telephone +34 981 050 000
* Shorter	*

Form 2b Overview of R-phrases

Overview of R-phrases and associated names

Environmentally dangerous

R50: Very toxic to aquatic organisms

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R52: Harmful to aquatic life

R53: May cause long-lasting effects to aquatic life

R52/53: Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects

R59: Dangerous for the ozone layer

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects and/or EUH059 harzardous to

the ozone layer

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects

H413: May cause long-lasting effects to aquatic life

EUH 059: Hazardous to the ozone layer

Very toxic/toxic

R23: Toxic by inhalation

R24: Toxic in contact with skin

R25: Toxic if swallowed

R26: Very toxic by inhalation

R27: Very toxic in contact with skin

R28: Very toxic if swallowed

R39: Danger of very serious irreversible effects

R48: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

H331: Toxic if inhaled

H311: Toxic in contact with skin

H301: Toxic if swallowed

H330: Fatal if inhaled

H310: Fatal in contact with skin

H300: Fatal if swallowed

H370: Causes damage to organs

H372: Causes damage to organs

Carcinogenic

H361:

R33:	Danger of cumulative effects
R40:	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect
R45:	May cause cancer
R49:	May cause cancer by inhalation
R46:	May cause heritable genetic damage
R60:	May impair fertility
R61:	May cause harm to the unborn child
R62:	Possible risk of impaired fertility
R63:	Possible risk of harm to the unborn child
R68:	Possible risk of irreversible effects
H350:	May cause cancer
H351:	Suspected of causing cancer
H340	May cause genetic defects
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H360:	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.